

Cat. 143

87-116 (PLATE 35)

Bowl fragment, fabric J1 red-slipped. Rim sherd. inscribed with hieratic docket in black ink, virtually complete. Text: *the medicine of embalming*. Ht. 6.4 cm. Diam. 14.0 cm.

Provenance: Fill of Statue Chamber (2 fragments, rejoined).

Date: Late Period, c. 5th century BC.

References: For similar inscribed bowls, see Schneider, *The Memphite Tomb of Horemheb*, ii, cat. 32; Martin, *Three Memphite Officials*, cat. 46-7 with ref. For a related inscription, see also Leemans, *Monumens Egyptiens*, ii.12, pl. 56 no. H 179.

PLATE 35



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Cat. 369

90-12 (PLATES 45, 51)

Vessel fragment comprising shoulder and handle of a medium-sized amphora, fabric H1. Exterior inscribed with hieratic docket in one line of black ink. Text: 7 *jar-measures* (or: *jar no. 7* ?). Dimensions of sherd $11.0 \times 10.0 \times 0.7$ cm. Length of docket 1.6 cm.

Provenance: Shaft Complex vii, Chamber B.

Date: Late Dynasty XVIII to Dynasty XIX.

References: The measure in question is probably the *hin* of roughly 0.5 litre. On the other hand, the contents of vessels was usually mentioned in the much longer docket on the shoulder, whereas there are some parallels for simple numbers inscribed close to the handles. Cf. Koenig, *Etiquettes de jarres*, i, no. 6080; W. Spiegelberg, ZÄS 58 (1923), 26-7.

PLATE 51



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Cat. 432

90–308 (PLATES 45, 52)

Amphora, marl fabric H14, neck lost. Shoulder inscribed with hieratic docket in two lines of black ink. Text: (1) *Year 40. Wine from the vineyard of the Temple of Millions of Years of Ramessu-meryamun in the Domain of Re* (2) *which is on the western side of the Water of Pre, under the control of the chief vintner Abgur*. On the shoulder opposite the docket is a large cross + in black ink which is clearly contemporary with the docket. Preserved ht. 57.8 cm. Diam. 20.4 cm.

Provenance: Shaft Complex xv, Chamber C.

Date: Dynasty XIX, year 40 of Ramesses II.

References: Since the Temple of Millions of Years mentioned is 'in the Domain of Re', it was probably located in or near Heliopolis; on this temple, see Helck, *Materialien*, 128–9. Its chief steward Ptahmay had a house in Pi-Ramesse (M. Hamza, *ASAE* 30 (1930), 37–8 = *KRI* iii, 443), where the vineyard itself was situated: on the west bank of 'the Water of Pre', i.e. the Pelusiac branch of the Nile (Bietak, *Tell el-Dab'a*, ii, 118ff.) which provided a direct connection between Pi-Ramesse and Heliopolis (W. Spiegelberg, *RT* 17 (1895), 143–60). A stamped jar handle from our site (above, cat. 173) mentions 'Re's chosen one in Heliopolis' (*stp.<n> R'*, presumably either Horemheb or Ramesses II). The name of the vintner *i:-b3-g-r* or *Ab(u)-gur(a)* is clearly Semitic and may be a variant of the name *i-b-k3-r*, for which see Schneider, *Asiatische Personennamen*, 19–20. The form *i:-b3-g-r* is also found on an early Nineteenth Dynasty shabti in a Swiss private collection; see Schlögl and Meves-Schlögl, *Ushebti*, 18–19, no. 4. The title of the owner of this shabti is not mentioned.

